

Requirements for an all IP network

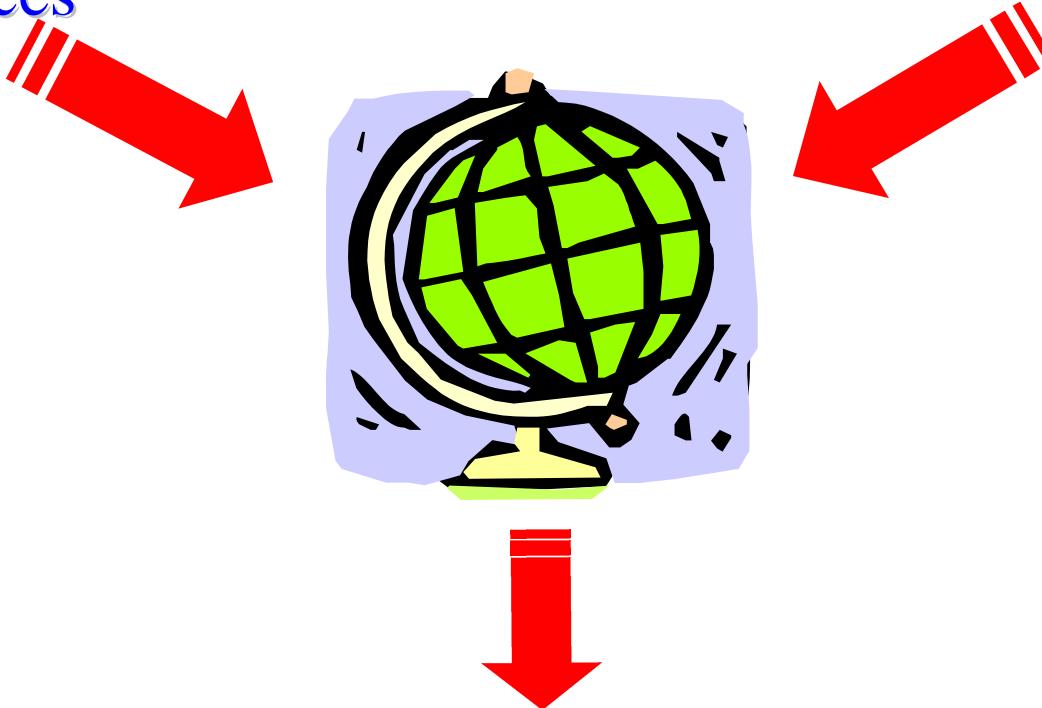
C. BOISSEAU

3GPP TSG-SA IP Workshop, 07/02/2000

Why an IP Mobile Network ?

Growth of IP technology
and IP services

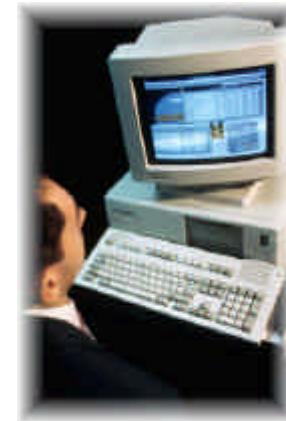
Increasing number
of mobile terminals
(voice, SMS,...)



IP opportunity

● Price

- decrease of transport price
- lower service development price



● Services

- new IP multimedia services
- fixed-mobile service convergence
- commonality between public and private networks
- quicker service creation



Requirements (1/2)

- **Migration from existing mobile networks**
 - re-use of R99 equipments, particularly UTRAN
- **Co-existence of 2G networks, R99 and all IP network**
 - Interoperability between all these networks :
 - Roaming
 - Handover
 - Support of R99 terminals in all IP network

Requirements (2/2)

- Continuity of existing services (SS, ...)
- New multimedia services
- Same or better QoS than the one experimented in existing networks
- Same or better security than in Release 99

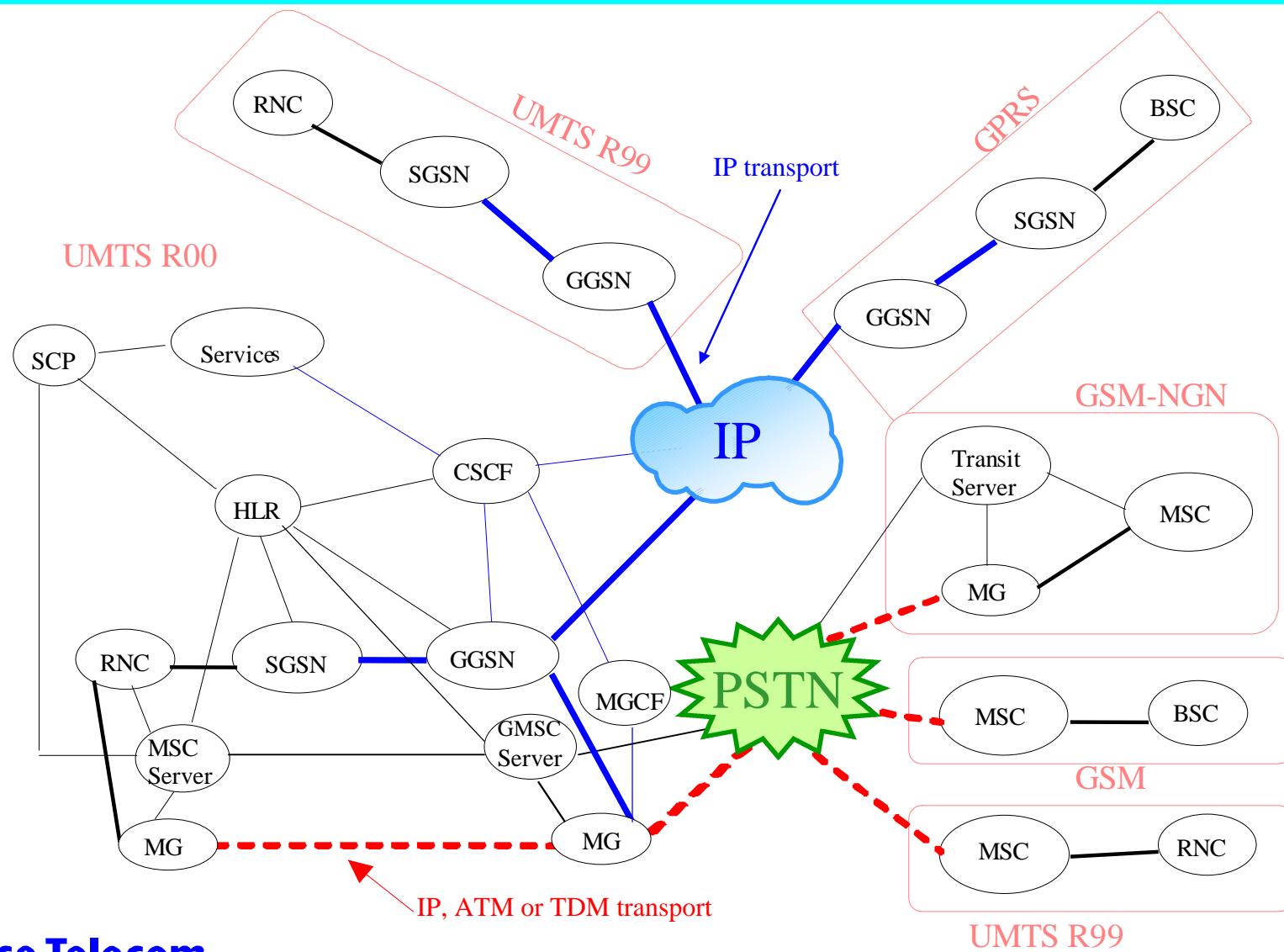
Architecture principles (1/2)

- Evolution of the circuit domain with separation of transport and control
- Addition of multimedia fonctionnality over R99 paquet domain
- IP transport of data and signalling
- MAP as the mobility protocol inside mobile network
- Mobile IP for inter-networks mobility but not inside mobile networks
- Evolution of R99 data bases (e.g. R99 HLR)

Architecture principles (2/2)

- **Independance of services and technology**
 - VHE/OSA : anywhere, anytime, with any terminal
 - API for service creation : flexibility in service introduction
 - The same API for mobile and fixed network

Architecture overview



Problems to be solved

- **QoS**
- **Security**
- **Charging and billing**
- **efficient use of radio spectrum**

Conclusion

- **Soft migration from existing networks**
- **IP services**
- **Possibility of deploying a common IP backbone**
 - for transport of data and signalling
 - for both CS and PS services