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*Technical Specification*

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USAT Interpreter;  
Stage 1; (Release 4)**

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Keywords

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# Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3GPP.

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of this TS, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 Indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies a way to use USAT functionality and USIM based security functionality from a mark-up language like WML. This is achieved by specifying the following:

- specific application and content related functionalities of the interface between the content system and the USAT Gateway;
- specific functionalities and protocols of the interface between the USAT Gateway and the USAT Interpreter associated with a USIM, achieved by defining a low level command set for interpretation by the USAT Interpreter;
- defined level of functionality available to the content server for the implementation of USIM based services such as PKI, location services, push and broadcast services, event based services, etc..

The present document does not specify any elements of the protocol stack between the content server and the USAT Gateway, the mark-up language definition, and the transport protocols between the USAT Gateway and the USAT Interpreter.

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# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

[1] GSM 03.48: "Security Mechanisms for the SIM application toolkit; Stage 2".

[2] GSM 02.48: " Security Mechanisms for the SIM application toolkit; Stage 1".

[3] TS 31.111: "USIM Application Toolkit (USAT); Physical and logical characteristics".

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# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following definitions apply:

**application protocol:** Protocol to convey data between the content system and the USAT Gateway.

**end-to-end security:** Secure content transfer between the Content System and the USAT Interpreter based on symmetric algorithms and/or asymmetric algorithms.

**low level command set:** A transport bandwidth and USAT Interpreter implementation efficient coding of the content.

**USIM:** A 3G application on an IC card.

## 3.2 Symbols

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

FFS	For Further Study
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
M	Mandatory
ME	Mobile Equipment
O	Optional
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure
SMS	Short Message Service
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
tbd.	To Be Defined
UCS2	Universal two byte coded Character Set
URL	Uniform Resource Location
USAT	USIM Application Toolkit
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
WML	Wireless Mark-up Language

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# 4 General Requirements

The diagram below describes a system for dynamic content delivery via USAT. The following entities and protocols are defined:

### Content System

- This entity is a collection of systems that provide dynamic content for delivery via USAT, e.g. web server or an application. The content system may contain keys for secure end-to-end content delivery.

### Content to USAT Gateway Protocol (1)

- This protocol is HTTP. A mark-up language is used to convey content. Where required, SSL may be used to secure this protocol.

### USAT Gateway

- This entity converts between the "Content to USAT Gateway Protocol" and the "USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter Protocol". This system may contain keys for secure transport delivery using GSM 03.48 [1].

### USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter protocol (2)

- This protocol defines a transport bandwidth and USAT Interpreter implementation efficient coding of the content. Where required GSM 03.48 [1] may be used to secure this protocol.

### Access Node / ME

- These entities provide the transparent transport of the USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter content.

### USIM with stored content

- This entity contains pre-stored low level commands for interpretation by the USAT Interpreter. This is secured by the USIM security mechanisms.
- The pre-stored content may be updated over the air (tbd.) or directly.

### USIM with USAT Interpreter

- This entity converts USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter protocol to USAT commands for delivery of content to the user. The USIM with USAT Interpreter may contain keys for both secure end-to-end content delivery and secure transport.

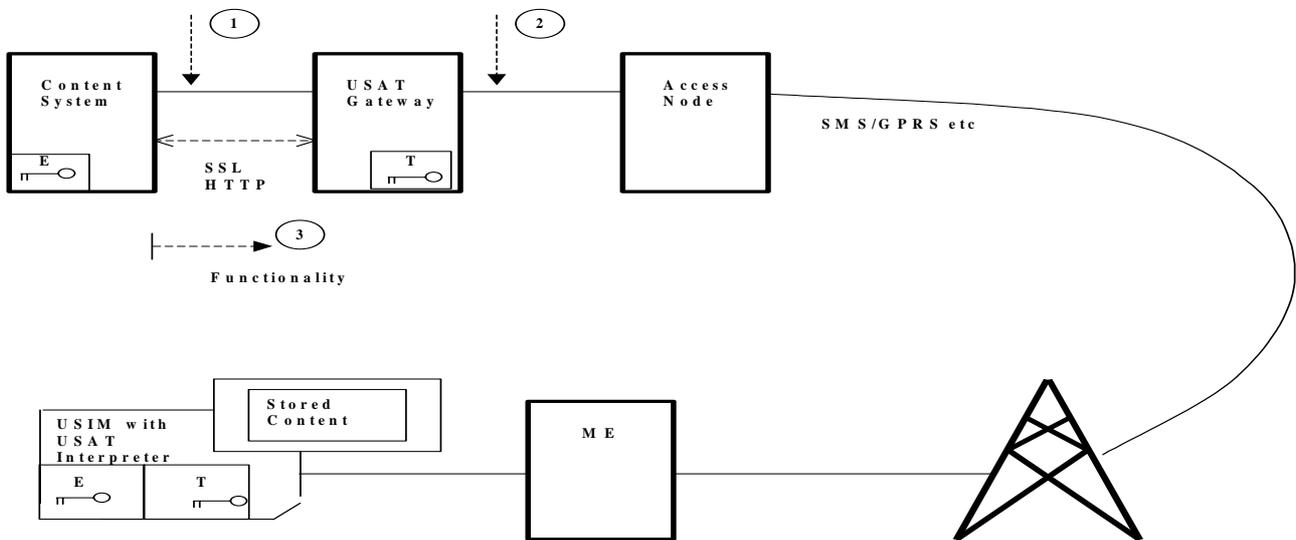


Figure 1: System Components

#### Functionality

- End-to-end security based on symmetric algorithms, PKI, location services, event driven services, push, broadcast.

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## 5 Component Requirements

### 5.1 Content System

This entity is a collection of systems that provide dynamic content for delivery via USAT, e.g. web server or an application.

The content system may contain symmetric or asymmetric keys for secure end-to-end content delivery.

The content system shall provide an HTTP interface to the USAT Gateway.

## 5.2 USAT Gateway

The USAT Gateway converts between the "Content to USAT Gateway Protocol" and the "USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter Protocol".

The USAT Gateway may contain keys for secure transport delivery using GSM 03.48 [1]. This system shall provide interfaces to the content systems and to the access nodes.

### 5.2.1 Blocking Mechanisms

The USAT Gateway shall be able to reject content containing forbidden functionality. Forbidden functionality is a set of functionality restricted on a content system basis or on an USIM basis. E.g., a restriction of functionality available could be made based on the level of trust of the content system or on the subscription type of the user.

The blocking mechanism generates an error as defined by the USAT Gateway error handling.

### 5.2.2 Error handling

When the USAT Gateway rejects user requested content, the subscriber shall be informed by the USAT Gateway.

Samples for possible error reasons are:

- not supported mark-up language tags;
- not supported attributes;
- bad message structure;
- security requirements not fulfilled;
- internal errors;
- rejection by busy USAT Interpreter;
- communication failure;

## 5.3 Access Node

This entity provides the transparent transport of the USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter content. This can be SMS or GPRS or any other service available now or in the future, which is able to provide a transparent data channel to the USIM with USAT Interpreter.

## 5.4 Mobile Equipment

The mobile equipment provides the transparent transport of the USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter content. For GPRS the ME decodes the IP-packets.

## 5.5 USIM with USAT Interpreter and stored content

This entity converts USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter protocol to USAT commands for delivery of content to the user. The USAT Interpreter shall use the commands defined in TS 31.111 [2] to communicate with the ME. The USIM with USAT Interpreter may contain keys for both secure end-to-end content delivery and secure transport.

It shall provide memory space for locally stored translated content.

The USAT Interpreter shall be configurable to allow the execution of specific low level commands.

The USAT Interpreter can be triggered either

- locally from the ME, as a result from a menu selection,

- locally from the ME, as a result from an event,
- by an incoming page as a result from a previous URL request from the USAT Interpreter, or
- by an incoming page initiated by a content system (push).

A caching mechanism may be used by the USAT Interpreter.

The USAT Interpreter shall support at least the following USAT commands:

**Table 1: Supported USAT commands**

<b>Command</b>	<b>Parameters to be supported</b>
Display Text	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- wait for user to clear message</li> <li>- not sustained</li> </ul>
Get Input	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- at least 128 character input length</li> <li>- input digits, alphabet set and hidden</li> </ul>
Select Item	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- alpha identifier support</li> <li>- at least 10 items</li> </ul>
Setup Call	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- alpha identifier support</li> <li>- set up call, but only if not currently busy on another call</li> </ul>
Send SM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- all alpha identifier options</li> <li>- packed and unpacked messages</li> </ul>
Send USSD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- alpha identifier support</li> <li>- support of at least 128 characters</li> <li>- storage of returned text in USAT Interpreter variable</li> </ul>
Send SS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- alpha identifier support</li> <li>- storage of returned text in USAT Interpreter variable</li> </ul>
Provide Local Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- all current and future modes to be supported</li> </ul>
Play Tone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- alpha identifier support</li> <li>- all tones</li> </ul>
More Time	
Setup Event List	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- all current and future events to be supported</li> </ul>
Timer Management	
Setup Idle Mode Text	
Launch Browser	

All other USAT commands according to TS 31.111 [3] are optionally supported.

The following table describes the list of additional functionality to be provided by the USAT Interpreter:

Table 2: Additional functionality

DESCRIPTION	M/O/FFS
<b>Support mark-up language mediation</b>	
Go (branching to a URL)	M
Variables (referencing, substituting,...)	M
Support of different variable types, including type checking and type conversion	M
Supported types of variables	FFS
Soft-Key support (e.g. Do tags)	M
Minimum Navigation Units: Cards and Decks (or similar for non-WML mark-up languages)	M
<b>Navigation:</b>	
- Go homepage (operator specific URL)	M
- Restart current Navigation Unit	M
- Step back in current Navigation Unit	M
- Step back previous Navigation Units	M
- Go back (history functionality of visited URLs)	FFS
- Exit	M
- Help	O
<b>Processing commands</b>	
Unconditional branching (forward and backward)	M
Conditional branching	M
Concatenation of strings	M
String Extraction	M
Environment variables (USIM/USAT/USAT Interpreter platform information available to all services)	M
Permanent variables (information related / available to dedicated services)	FFS
Execution of locally stored translated content	M
<b>Ciphering / Authentication</b>	
End-to-End security based on symmetric algorithms	O
End-to-End security based on asymmetric algorithm schemes	O
<b>Plug-In</b>	
Execution of an external function	M
<b>UCS2 Support</b>	O
<b>Bookmark storage of the current page on</b>	
- USAT Gateway or	O
- locally at USAT Interpreter by the end user	O
<b>Support for caching</b>	FFS
<b>Session provisions</b>	FFS

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## 6 Protocol requirements

### 6.1 Content to USAT Gateway protocol

The transmission protocol is HTTP. The application protocol used to convey content is a scripting or mark-up language. An example for an appropriate application protocol would be WML.

SSL is an example to be used to securely move content between the content system and the USAT Gateway.

### 6.2 USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter protocol

This protocol defines a transport bandwidth and USAT Interpreter implementation efficient coding of the content.

#### 6.2.1 Transport requirements

The protocol shall be specified bearer independent. It shall be based on GSM 03.48 [1], where the USAT Gateway is the sending application and the USAT Interpreter is the receiving application or vice versa.

At least, the following transport mechanisms shall be supported:

- SMS-PP (Single Short Message Point to Point and Concatenated Short Message Point to Point)

Other transport mechanisms are optional.

The security mechanisms and recommended combinations of the security mechanisms shall be based on GSM 02.48 [2]. At least one of the listed authentication mechanisms shall be used for this protocol.

## 6.2.2 Coding requirements

The coding of the content transported within this protocol shall be bandwidth efficient. The coding shall be independent from the transport bearer and from the platform used for the USAT Interpreter.

The coding shall be easily extendable by further commands. It shall easily be limitable to a configurable set of USAT functionality.

## 6.2.3 Functional requirements

### 6.2.3.1 USAT command functionality

The USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter Protocol shall support all current and all future USAT commands defined in TS 31.111 [3].

Some commands may have optimised coding.

### 6.2.3.2 Non USAT command functionality

The following set of non USAT functionality shall be supported:

**Table 3: Non USAT command functionality**

DESCRIPTION	M/O/FFS
<b>Support mark-up language mediation</b>	
Go (branching to a URL)	M
Variables (referencing, substituting,...)	M
Soft-Key support (Do tags)	M
Navigation Units, e.g. Cards and Decks	M
Navigation shortcuts, e.g. Go Home, Go Back (history functionality of visited URLs), Exit and Help	M
<b>Processing commands</b>	
Unconditional branching	M
Branching according to user input	M
Concatenation of strings	M
Environment variables (USIM/USAT/USAT Interpreter platform information available to all services)	M
Permanent variables (information related / available to dedicated services)	FFS
<b>Ciphering / Authentication</b>	
End-to-End security based on symmetric algorithms	M
End-to-End security based on asymmetric schemes	M
<b>Plug-In</b>	
Execution of an external function	M
<b>UCS2 Support</b>	M
<b>Bookmark</b>	
- Bookmark storage of the current page on USAT Gateway or	FFS
- locally at USAT Interpreter by the end user	FFS
<b>Support for caching</b>	FFS
<b>Session provisions</b>	FFS

## 6.3 Content System to USAT Interpreter protocol

This protocol is used to make secure services between the content system and the USAT Interpreter possible (e.g. like login of the user into a content server, keep SSL sessions between USAT Gateway and content system alive).

Variable handling can be more effective.

This protocol is FFS.

If this protocol is needed it will have an impact on the USAT Interpreter to USAT Gateway protocol.

## 6.4 Administration protocol

The administration protocol shall be used independently from the USAT Gateway to USAT Interpreter protocol.

The administration protocol shall define USAT Interpreter specific administrative commands including a separate administration security and leave the storage of data up to the implementation of the USAT Interpreter.

The administration functionality shall be able to:

- download low level command sets independent from the limitations of the transport layer;
- download dormant low level command sets; tbd.
- add and delete low level command sets;
- handle the generation of menu entries, especially it shall be possible to reference one low level command set by more than one menu item;
- uniquely identify every low level command set

**Table 4: Administration**

DESCRIPTION	M/FFS
<b>Administration</b>	
Remote File Management according to GSM 03.48 [1]	O
Set Up Menu administration	M
Plug-in administration	M
Download low level command sets independent from the limitations of the transport layer;	M
Download dormant low level command sets; tbd.	M
Add and delete low level command sets;	M
Handle the generation of menu entries, especially it shall be possible to reference one low level command set by more than one menu item;	M
Uniquely identify every low level command set	M

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## 7 Functional requirements of the USAT Interpreter

### 7.1 End-to-end security

The USAT Interpreter shall provide means for end-to-end security of content transferred between the Content System

and the USAT Interpreter based on symmetric algorithms and/or asymmetric algorithms.

End-to-end security shall include means for:

- Key management / key generation
- Certificate management
- Selection of algorithms and security features
- Integrity of the content
- Integrity of message sequence
- Confidentiality of message contents
- Authentication / Signing of messages
- Authentication of the user
- Mechanisms against replay attacks

All mechanisms may be combined.

## 7.2 Location services

The USAT Interpreter shall provide means to support Location Services by providing an interface to the Provide Local Information command as defined in TS 31.111 [3] (see chapter 5.5).

The location information shall be provided to the content system in a tbd.

## 7.3 Event driven services

The USAT Interpreter shall provide means to react on events monitored by the ME or the USIM. The following events shall be supported:

- all events defined in 3GPP TS 31.111 [3].
- USAT initialisation procedure as defined in TS 102 221 [4].
- Timer expiration as defined in 3GPP TS 31.111 [3].

On occurrence of an event the USAT Interpreter shall run locally stored translated content (USAT Interpreter low level command set).

The USAT Interpreter shall provide means to setup and clear the list of monitored events and modify which locally stored translated content to run, when the event occurs.

Locally stored translated content to run, when the event occurs, shall be downloaded by the Administration Protocol as described in chapter 6.4.

## 7.4 Push

Push messages contain an incoming page addressed to the USAT Interpreter containing low level commands to be executed. Push is initiated by the Content system and not by a user action.

The USAT Interpreter shall support the following two use cases:

- immediate execution of the received Push;
- delayed execution of the received Push.

The USAT Interpreter may reject a Push, when not able to execute or store it.

## 7.5 Broadcast

A low level command set can be received via cell broadcast messages.

For broadcast messages containing low level command sets the USAT Interpreter shall provide:

- means to execute the received low level command set;
- separate security mechanisms;
- separate configuration parameters.

## Annex A (Informative): Change history

The table below indicates all change requests that have been incorporated into the present document since it was initially approved by 3GPP TSG-T.

Change history								
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	Old	New
2000-07						Draft specification	0.0.0	0.0.1
2000-10						Working draft after Newbury meeting	0.0.1	0.0.2
2000-11						Working Draft after Munich meeting	0.0.2	0.0.3
2000-11						Working Draft after Stockholm meeting	0.0.3	0.0.4
2000-11						Draft after Seoul T3 meeting #16	0.0.4	0.0.5
2000-12						Presented to TSG-T #10 for information (same as v0.0.5)	0.0.5	1.0.0