









Standardizing XR: OpenXR

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Lead VR Architect at Intel & OpenXR Working Group Chair

3GPP, VRIF & AIS Workshop on VR Ecosystem & Standards, April 2019

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Agenda

- What is OpenXR?
- A Brief History of the Standard
- What are the Problems we are trying to Solve
- OpenXR Timeline of Development
- Provisional Release
- What's Next?
- Recap
- Call To Action
- Questions

K H R O S

OpenXR Provisional 0.90 Released!





Press announcement

Updated landing page

What is OpenXR?

OpenXR is a royalty-free, open standard that provides high-performance access to Augmented Reality (AR) and Virtual Reality (VR)—collectively known as XR—platforms and devices.

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A Brief History of OpenXR

Among the first VR hardware available 2016





- Need applications...
 - Each platform provided an SDK to interface with the hardware
 - Each was different from the other

XR Ecosystem Fragmentation

Increased development time and therefore cost.

Increased validation overhead and therefore cost.

•Time and resources spent developing one title, impacts developers' ability to create more titles.

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Major XR Runtimes

	Virtual Reality							Augmented Reality			
	PC			AIO	Mobile		AIO		Mobile		VR
	Oculus Rift	SteamVR	Mixed Reality	Oculus Go	Daydream	GearVR	Hololens	ML1	ARKit	ARCore	PSVR
Company	Facebook	Valve	Microsoft	Facebook	Google	Samsung Oculus	Microsoft	Magic Leap	Apple	Google	Sony
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VR Barriers to Adoption...

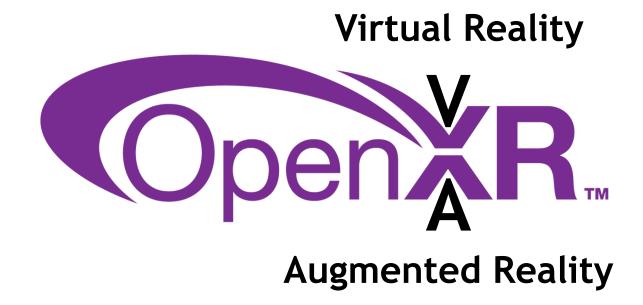
Content

Comfort

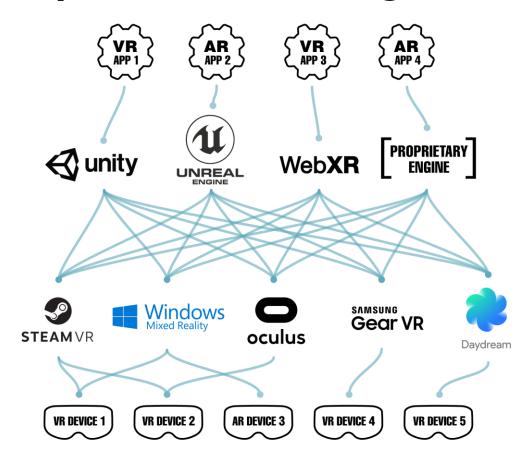
Cost

OpenXR

 Recognizing the problem, several companies got together in late 2016 / early 2017 and formed the OpenXR working group in Khronos.



OpenXR - Solving XR Fragmentation

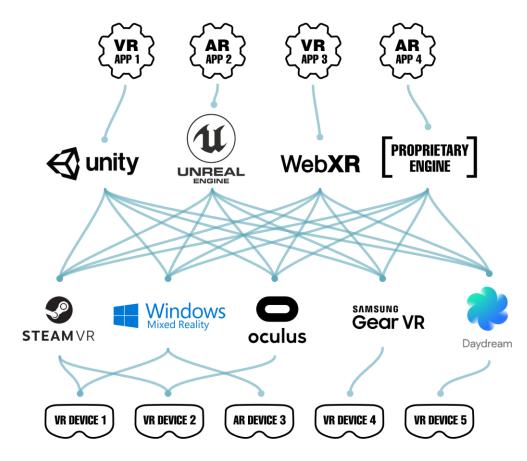


Before OpenXR

XR Market Fragmentation

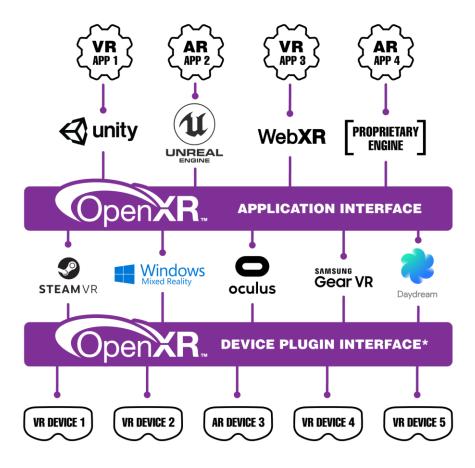
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OpenXR - Solving XR Fragmentation





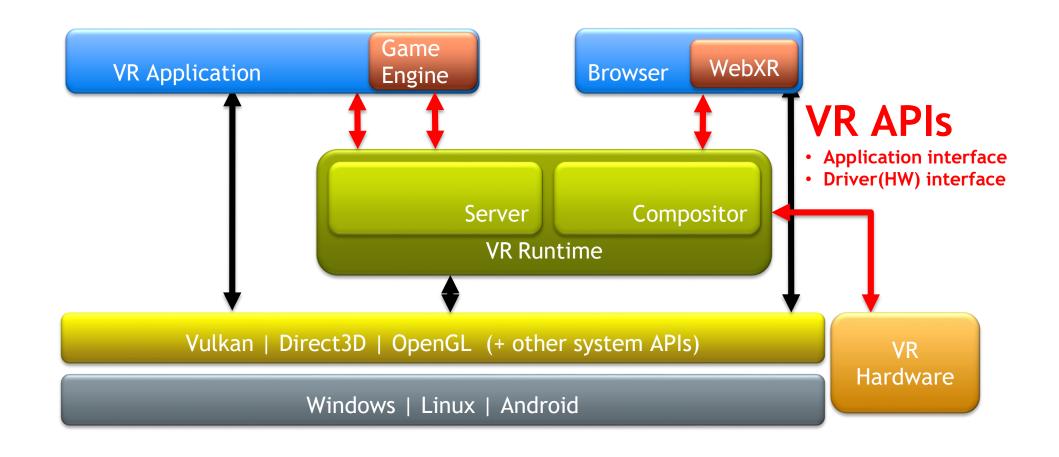
XR Market Fragmentation



After OpenXR

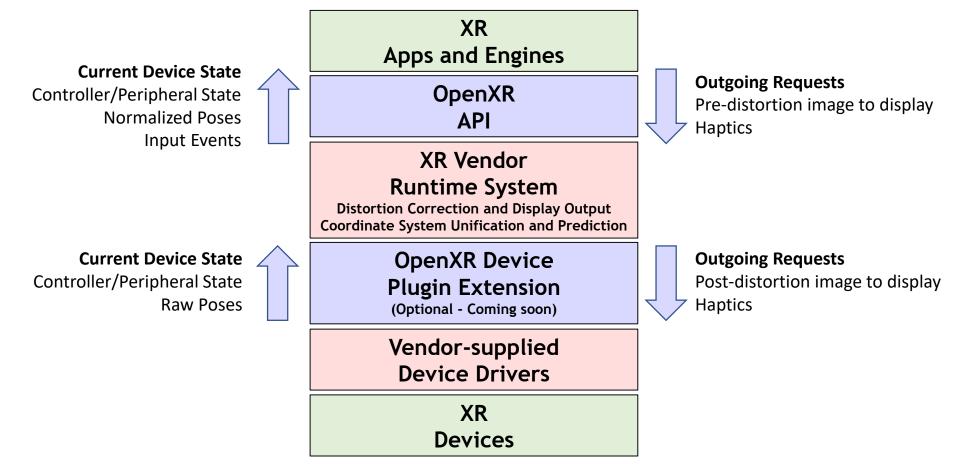
Wide interoperability of XR apps and devices

VR Software Stack (Example)

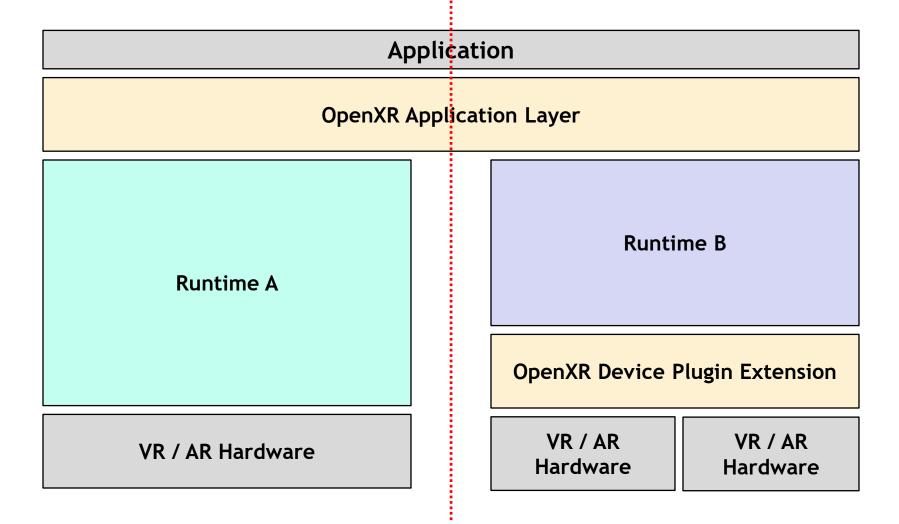


OpenXR Architecture

OpenXR does not replace XR Runtime Systems!
It enables any XR Runtime to expose CROSS-VENDOR APIs to access their functionality



The Structure



OpenXR Philosophies

Enable both VR and AR applications

The OpenXR standard will unify common VR and AR functionality to streamline software and hardware development for a wide variety of products and platforms

Be future-proof

While OpenXR 1.0 is focused on enabling the current state-of-the-art, the standard is built around a flexible architecture and extensibility to support rapid innovation in the software and hardware spaces for years to come

Do not try to predict the future of XR technology

While trying to predict the future details of XR would be foolhardy, OpenXR uses forward-looking API design techniques to enable engineers to easily harness new and emerging technologies

Unify performance-critical concepts in XR application development

Developers can optimize to a single, predictable, universal target rather than add application complexity to handle a variety of target platforms

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Where are we on the timeline?

Call for Participation / Exploratory Group Formation Fall F2F, October 2016: Korea

Statement of Work / Working Group Formation Winter F2F, January 2017: Vancouver

Specification Work

Spring F2F, April 2017: Amsterdam Interim F2F, July 2017: Washington

Defining the MVP

Fall F2F, September 2017: Chicago

Resolving Implementation Issues

Winterim F2F, November 2017: Washington Winter F2F, January 2018: Taipei

First Public Information GDC, March 2018

First Public Demonstrations SIGGRAPH, August 2018

Release Provisional Specification! *GDC*, *March* 2019

Conformance Tests and Adopters Program

Feedback

Finalize Implementations

Ratify and release Final Specification and Enable Conformant Implementations to Ship



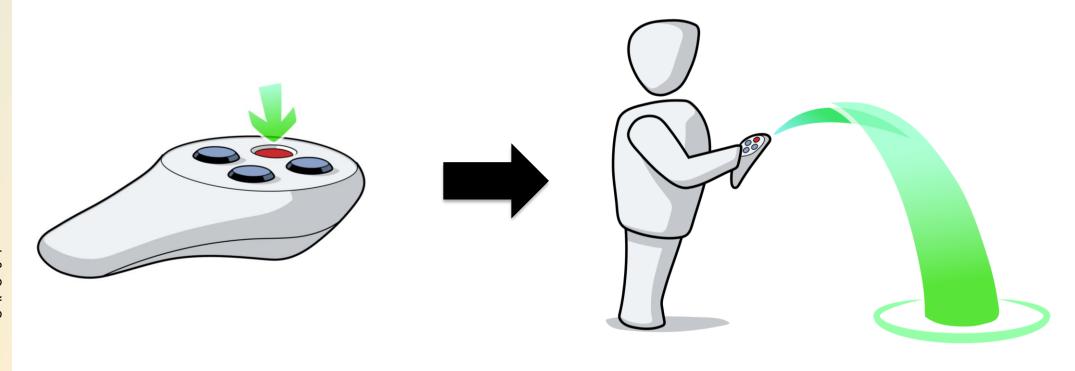
OpenXR 0.90 Provisional Specification Released Enables industry review and feedback First prototype implementations available



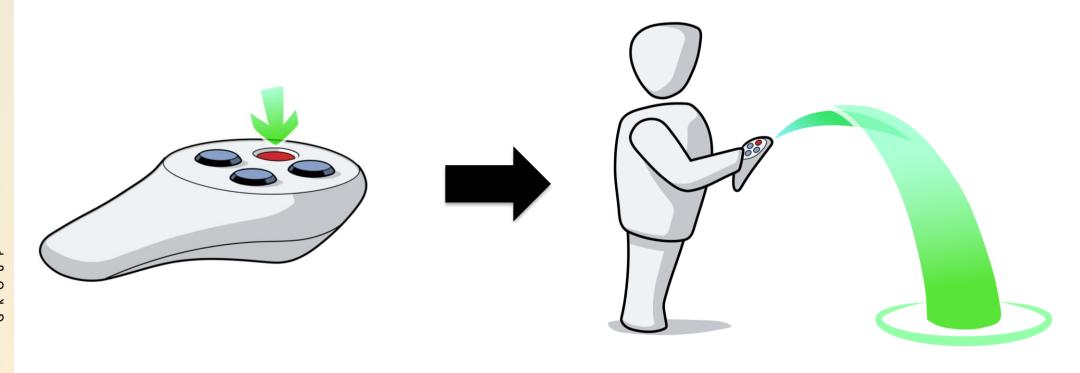
One Technical Section...

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Input and Haptics



Input and Haptics

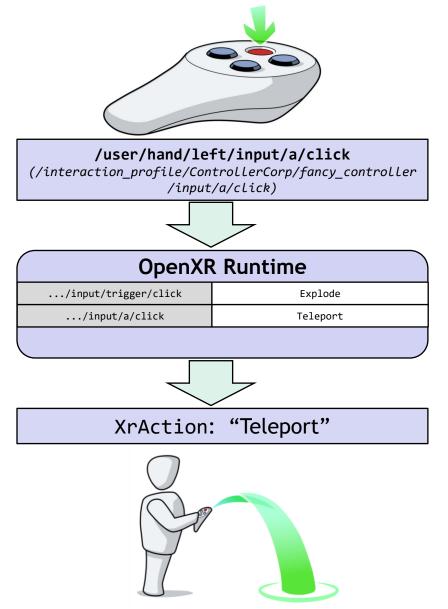


When user clicks button "a" it results in the user teleporting

Input and Haptics

Input in OpenXR goes through a layer of abstraction built around Input Actions (XrActions). These allow application developers to define input based on resulting action (e.g. "Grab", "Jump," "Teleport") rather than explicitly binding controls

While the application can suggest recommended bindings, it is ultimately up to the runtime to bind input sources to actions as it sees fit (application's recommendation, user settings in the runtime's UI, etc)



Input and Haptics - Interaction Profiles

- Collections of input and output sources on physical devices
- Runtimes can support multiple interaction profiles

ControllerCorp's Fancy_Controller:

- /user/hand/left
- /user/hand/right
- /input/a/click
- /input/b/click
- /input/c/click
- /input/d/click
- /input/trigger/click
- /input/trigger/touch
- -/input/trigger/value
- /output/haptic



example

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Input and Haptics - Predefined Interaction Profiles

- Interaction profiles for many current products are predefined in the OpenXR specification including:
 - Google Daydream* controller
 - HTC Vive and Vive Pro* controllers
 - Microsoft* Mixed reality motion controllers
 - Microsoft* Xbox controller
 - Oculus Go* controller
 - Oculus Touch* controllers
 - Valve Knuckles* controllers

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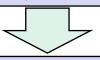
Input and Haptics - Runtime Binding Decision

- Runtime ultimately decides the bindings
 - "dev teams are ephermal, games last forever"
 - More likely the runtime is updated than individual games
- Reasons for selecting different bindings:
 - 1. this runtime does not have ControllerCorp's fancy_controller currently attached, but it knows how to map the inputs and outputs to the controllers that *are* attached
 - 2. Some runtimes can support user mapping of inputs such that the controls per game can be customized by the user, such as swapping trigger and button 'a', this enables customization without the original application knowing about it
 - 3. Some future controller is developed but the application is not updated for it, a new interaction profile can help map the actions to the new inputs
 - 4. Accessibility devices can be used and input mapped appropriately

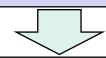


Input and Haptics





OpenXR Runtime						
/input/trigger/click	Explode					
/input/a/click	Teleport					



XrAction: "Teleport"





Extensions

Core Standard

Core concepts that are fundamental to the specification for all use cases

Examples: Instance management, tracking, frame timing

KHR Extensions

Functionality that a large class of runtimes will likely implement

Examples: Platform support, Graphic API Extensions, Device Plugin, Headless, Tracking Bounds

EXT Extensions

Functionality that a few runtimes might implement

Examples: Performance Settings, Thermals, Debug Utils

Vendor Extensions

Functionality that is limited to a specific vendor Examples: Device specific functionality

Current Provisional Extensions

- Platform-specific support:
 - KHR_android_create_instance
 - KHR_android_surface_swapchain
 - KHR_android_thread_settings

- Graphics API support:
 - KHR_D3D10_enable
 - KHR_D3D11_enable
 - KHR_D3D12_enable
 - KHR_opengl_enable
 - KHR_opengl_es_enable
 - KHR_vulkan_enable
 - KHR_vulkan_swapchain_format_list

- Support for specific XR layer types:
 - KHR_composition_layer_cube
 - KHR_composition_layer_depth
 - KHR_composition_layer_equirect
- Performance improvement by masking nonvisible portions of the display:
 - KHR_visibility_mask
- Non-display uses of OpenXR (for tracking or input-only use cases):
 - KHR_headless
- Time Conversion functions:
 - KHR_convert_timespec_time
 - KHR_win32_convert_performance_counter_time

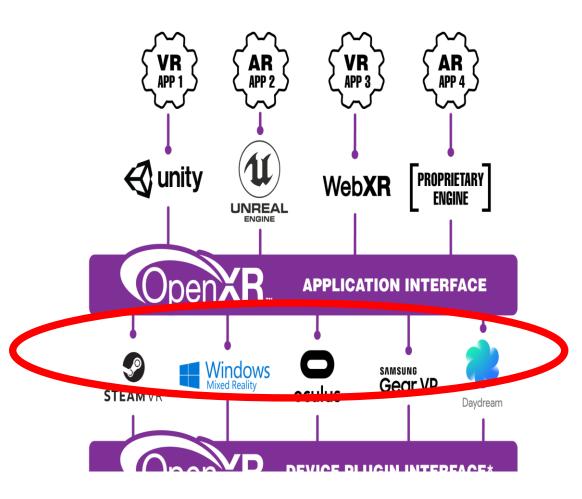


What hasn't made it in?

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What hasn't made it in?

 Top priority: solve application fragmentation



There are a list of things to consider for after 1.0 or for extensions

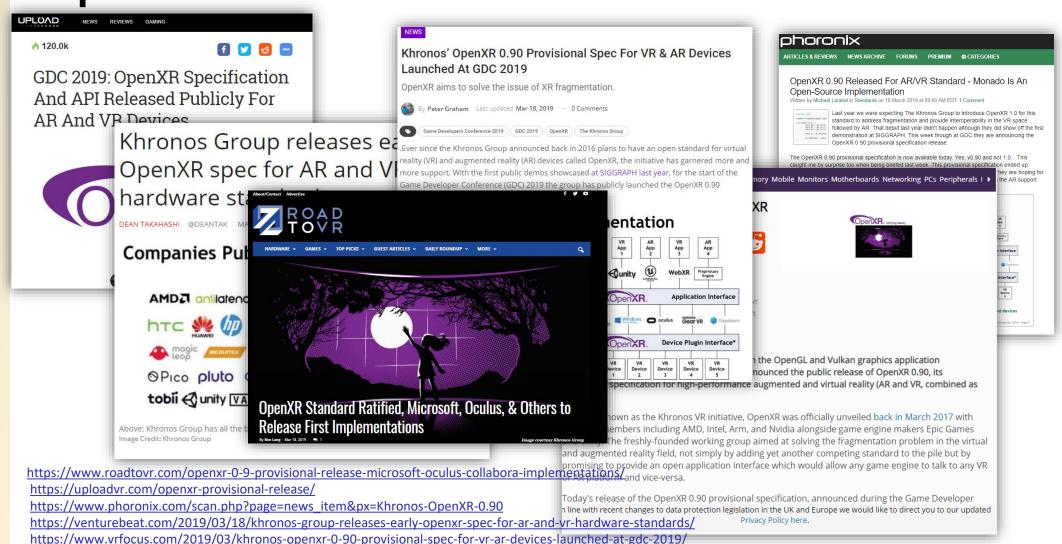
 Many of the items on the list are obvious next steps in the progress of AR and VR development

Won't list them here ©

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https://bit-tech.net/news/tech/software/khronos-group-launches-openxr-090/1/

OpenXR Provisional 0.90 Release is Here!

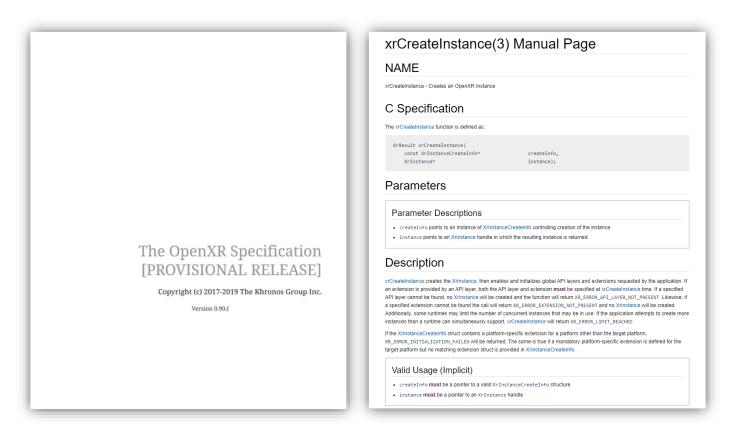








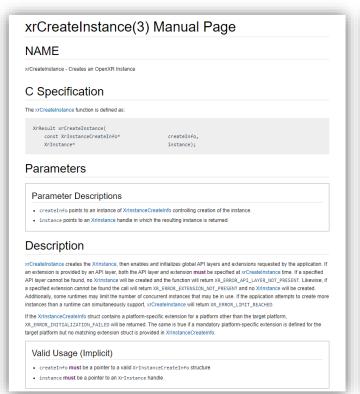
200+ page specification

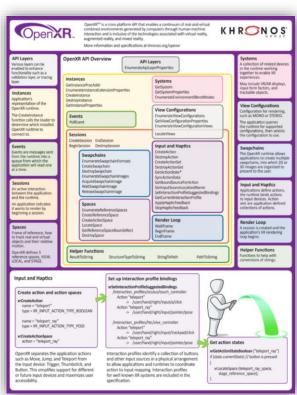


200+ page specification

Reference Pages







200+ page specification

Reference Pages

Overview Guide

- https://github.com/KhronosGroup/OpenXR-Docs
- Contains the source for generating the specification document and reference pages, scripts to be added soon
- Contains the openxr header files

OpenXR® API Documentation Project

[NOTE: This is the initial set up for the provisional release of the specification. Not all the files are populated yet, and expect significant changes as the spec moves towards 1.0.]

This repository contains sources for the formal documentation of the OpenXR API. This includes:

- the OpenXR API Specification
- OpenXR header files
- related tools and scripts.

The authoritative public repository is located at https://github.com/KhronosGroup/OpenXR-Docs/. It hosts public Issue tracker, and accepts patches (Pull Requests) from the general public.

Directory Structure

The directory structure is as follows:

README.adoc This file
COPYING.md Copyright and licensing information

CODE_OF_CONDUCT.md Code of Conduct

specification/ Specification - files to generate the spec include/openxr/ OpenXR headers, generated from the Registry

What Resources Are Available?

- https://github.com/KhronosGroup/OpenXR-Registry
- Contains the specification, reference pages, and overview guide

[∞]OpenXR-Registry

The OpenXR-Registry repository contains the OpenXR API and Extension Registry, including generated specifications and reference pages, and reference cards. The sources for these documents are mostly found in the separate https://github.com/KhronosGroup/OpenXR-Docs repository; this repository is used as a backing store for the web view of the registry at https://www.khronos.org/registry/openxr/. Commits to the master branch of OpenXR-Registry will be reflected in the web view.

Interesting files in this repository include:

- index.php toplevel index page for the web view. This relies on PHP include files found elsewhere on www.khronos.org and so is not very useful in isolation.
- specs/0.90/ OpenXR 0.90 Provisional API specifications and reference pages and API reference card.

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What Resources Are Available?

- https://github.com/KhronosGroup/OpenXR-SDK
- Contains the source for:
 - Loader
 - Some basic API layers
 - Test sample
- For the current best example code, see: src/tests/hello_xr

OpenXR ® Software Development Kit (SDK) Project

[NOTE: This repository contains components that may eventually be assembled into an SDK, but are currently not being packaged into a distributable SDK.]

This repository contains source code and build scripts for implementations of the OpenXR loader, validation layers, and code samples.

The authoritative public repository is located at https://github.com/KhronosGroup/OpenXR-SDK/. It hosts public Issue tracker, and accepts patches (Pull Requests) from the general public.

Directory Structure

BUILDING.md Instructions for building the projects

README.md This file

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CODE OF CONDUCT.md Code of Conduct

external/ External code for projects in the repo

include/ OpenXR platform include file

nciude/ OpenAK plactorii inciude

specification/ xr.xml file

src/ Source code for various projects
src/api_layer Sample code for developing API layers

src/loader OpenXR loader code

src/tests/ various test code (if looking for sample code start with hello_xr/)

Currently the best sample code is in src/tests/hello_xr/. More will be added in the future.

This structure is for the provisional specification. Things are incomplete at launch but will be added to going forward.

Additional Resources

- OpenXR Landing Page Specification, Reference Pages, Sample Code, Overview
 - https://www.khronos.org/openxr
- OpenXR Forum and Slack Channel
 - Forum: https://khr.io/openxrfeedback
 - Discussion: https://khr.io/slack
- Detailed specification overview and SIGGRAPH session videos
 - https://www.khronos.org/developers/library/2018-siggraph
- Vendor prototype runtime implementations
 - Collabora: open source implementation <u>http://monado.dev</u>
 - Microsoft: OpenXR runtime for Windows Mixed Reality headsets https://aka.ms/openxr
- Khronos GDC Sessions including OpenXR Presentation and demos
 - https://www.khronos.org/events/2019-gdc

Engine and Platform Support

Vinay Narayan, vice president, platform strategy, HTC

"HTC VIVE is committed to creating a viable ecosystem for the XR industry which is why we are proud to support OpenXR. Bringing the community together to help define standards and best practices, allows all of us to move forward, together."





Tim Sweeney, founder and CEO of Epic Games

"Epic believes that open standards like OpenXR are essential foundations for a vibrant, multi-platform VR and AR industry in the coming years. Epic plans to continue supporting OpenXR in Unreal Engine 4."

Nate Mitchell, Oculus Co-founder and head of VR product, Facebook "Facebook and Oculus continue to believe in the value the OpenXR standard delivers to users and developers. We plan to provide runtime support for apps built on OpenXR 1.0 on the Rift and Quest platforms later this year."





Alex Kipman, technical fellow, Microsoft

"Microsoft believes that for mixed reality to thrive, it must be open for everyone: open stores, open browsers and open developer platforms. We're dedicated to supporting the launch of OpenXR this year on Windows Mixed Reality and HoloLens 2. To help developers provide feedback, we're releasing today a developer preview of our OpenXR runtime with support for Windows Mixed Reality headsets."

Philippe Kalaf, CEO, Collabora

Collabora is excited to announce Monado, an open source implementation of the newly released OpenXR spec. More than just a vendor SDK, Monado is an open source project and codebase to harness and focus wider community effort around XR technologies.



What's Next?

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What's Next?

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First Public Demonstrations SIGGRAPH, August 2018

Release Provisional Specification! GDC, March 2019

Conformance Tests and Adopters Program

Feedback

Finalize Implementations

Ratify and release Final Specification and Enable Conformant Implementations to Ship



Drive towards 1.0 release!

What's Next?

- Continue Refining the Specification
 - Very unlikely any new functionality between now and 1.0
- Incorporate Community Feedback
 - Bug fixes, things missing, etc.
- Establish an Adopter's Program
- Develop conformance tests!
 - Major next hurdle
 - Conformance tests are critical to the health of an API (particularly a new one)
 - Potentially lots of corner cases requiring tests
 - Make sure not just the common paths work well
 - Make sure a particular vendor's implementation becomes the de facto standards
 - How to test AR and VR systems end to end?
 - Can you test successfully without robotic arms and cameras?

Thanks!

To these companies for enabling their engineers to dedicate time to OpenXR!







































































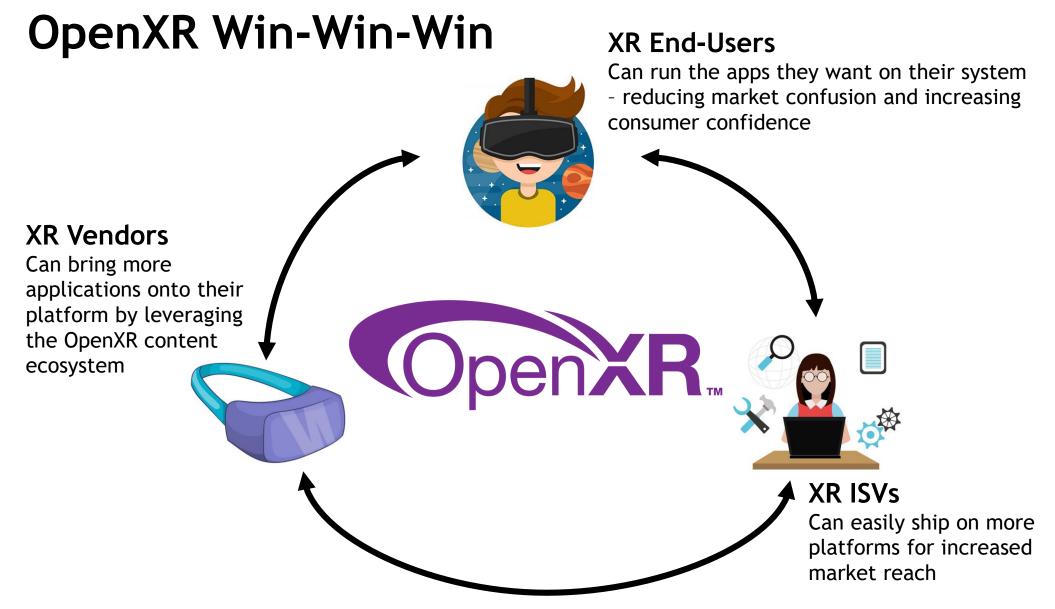


Thanks to the Engineers!

Adam Gousetis, Google | Alex Turner, Microsoft | Andreas Loeve Selvik, Arm | Andres Rodriguez, Valve Software | Armelle Laine, Qualcomm Technologies, Inc | Blake Taylor, Magic Leap | Brad Grantham, Google | Brandon Jones, Google | Brent E. Insko, Intel | Brent Wilson, Microsoft | Bryce Hutchings, Microsoft | Cass Everitt, Facebook | Charles Egenbacher, Epic Games | Christoph Haag, Collabora | Craig Donner, Google | Dan Ginsburg, Valve Software | Dave Houlton, LunarG | Dave Shreiner, Unity Technologies | Denny Rönngren, Tobii | Dmitriy Vasilev, Samsung | Doug Twileager, ZSpace | Ed Hutchins, Facebook | Gloria Kennickell, Facebook | Gregory Greeby, AMD | Guodong Chen, Huawei | Jakob Bornecrantz, Collabora | Jared Cheshier, PlutoVR | Javier Martinez, Intel | Jeff Bellinghausen, Valve Software | Jiehua Guo, Huawei | Joe Ludwig, Valve Software | Johannes van Waveren, Facebook Jon Leech, Khronos | Jonathan Wright, Facebook | Juan Wee, Samsung | Jules Blok, Epic Games | Karl Schultz, LunarG | Kaye Mason, Google | Krzysztof Kosiński, Google | Lachlan Ford, Microsoft | Lubosz Sarnecki, Collabora | Mark Young, LunarG | Martin Renschler, Qualcomm Technologies, Inc. | Matias Koskela, Tampere University of Technology | Matt Wash, Arm | Mattias Brand, Tobii | Mattias O. Karlsson, Tobii | Michael Gatson, Dell | Minmin Gong, Microsoft | Mitch Singer, AMD | Nell Waliczek, Microsoft | Nick Whiting, Epic Games | Nigel Williams, Sony | Paul Pedriana, Facebook | Peter Kuhn, Unity Technologies | Peter Peterson, HP Inc. | Pierre-Loup Griffais, Valve Software | Rajeev Gupta, Sony | Remi Arnaud, Starbreeze | Remy Zimmerman, Logitech | River Gillis, Google | Robert Memmott, Facebook | Robert Menzel, NVIDIA | Robert Simpson, Qualcomm Technologies, Inc. | Robin Bourianes, Starbreeze | Ryan Pavlik, Collabora | Ryan Vance, Epic Games | Sam Martin, Arm | Satish Salian, NVIDIA Scott Flynn, Unity Technologies | Sophia Baldonado, PlutoVR | Sungye Kim, Intel | Tom Flynn, Samsung | Trevor F. Smith, Mozilla | Vivek Viswanathan, Dell | Yin Li, Microsoft | Yuval Boger, Sensics

Recap

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- What are the Problems we are trying to Solve
- OpenXR Timeline of Development
- Provisional Release
- What's Next?



Khronos Mission



Khronos members are industry leaders from around the world that join to safely cooperate - to advance their own businesses and the industry as a whole



Khronos is an open, member-driven industry consortium developing royalty-free standards, and vibrant ecosystems, to harness the power of silicon acceleration for demanding graphics rendering and computationally intensive applications

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Active Khronos Open Standards



3D Asset Authoring and Delivery

Parallel Computation, Vision, Machine Learning and Inferencing











High-performance 3D Graphics

High-performance access to AR and VR platforms and devices



Join Khronos!

Get more involved

Have direct impact on the direction of the API

Be part of the effort to deliver OpenXR 1.0!



Thank You!



Questions?

Backup