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Title:	**New Rel-6 TS 32.712 (Transport Network (TN) Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service) - for Information**
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Presentation of Technical Specification to TSG SA

Presentation to:	**TSG SA Meeting #21**
Document for presentation:	**TS 32.712, Version 1.0.0**
	Transport Network (TN) Network Resource Model (NRM)
	IRP: Information Service
Presented for:	**Information**

Abstract of document:

Work done against the WID contained in SP-020754 (Work Item ID: OAM-NIM).

This TS defines the Network Resource Model for the Transport Network Resources IRP.

Purpose of These Specifications:

This TS is intended for Release 6 and is part of a TS-family on Transport Network Resources IRP, which consists of:

3GPP TS 32.711: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management(CM); Transport Network (TN) Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Requirements". (the present document)
3GPP TS 32.712: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management(CM); Transport Network (TN) Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".
3GPP TS 32.713: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management(CM); Transport Network (TN) Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) Solution Set (SS)".
3GPP TS 32.714: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management(CM); Transport Network (TN) Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Common Management Information Protocol (CMIP) Solution Set (SS)".
3GPP TS 32.715: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management(CM); Transport Network (TN) Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): eXtensible Markup Language (XML) file format definition".

The purpose of this set of specifications is to provide management of Transport Network resources, specifically for ATM-UTRAN interface management.

Changes since last presentation to TSG-SA:
New.

Outstanding Issues:
None.

Contentious Issues:
None.

3GPP TS 32.712 V1.0.0 (2003-09)

**3rd Generation Partnership Project;
Technical Specification Group Services and System
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Telecommunication management; Configuration
Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) Network
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(Release 6)**

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Contents

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

 x the first digit:

    1 presented to TSG for information;

    2 presented to TSG for approval;

    3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.

 y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.

 z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

Introduction

Configuration Management (CM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. CM actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs.

CM actions may be requested as part of an implementation programme (e.g. additions and deletions), as part of an optimisation programme (e.g. modifications), and to maintain the overall Quality of Service (QoS). The CM actions are initiated either as single actions on single NEs of the 3G network, or as part of a complex procedure involving actions on many resources/objects in one or several NEs.

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1 Scope

The present document is part of an Integration Reference Point (IRP) named "Transport Network Resources IRP", through which an "IRPAgent" (typically an Element Manager or Network Element) can communicate Configuration Management information to one or several "IRPManagers" (typically Network Managers) concerning Transport resources. The " Transport Network Resources IRP" comprises a set of specifications defining Requirements, a protocol neutral Network Resource Model (NRM) and corresponding Solution Set(s).

The present document:

1. specifies the protocol neutral Transport Network Resources IRP: Network Resource Model. It reuses relevant parts of the generic NRM in TS 32.622 [16], either by direct reuse or sub-classing, and in addition to that defines Transport specific Managed Object Classes.

The Configuration Management (CM) area is very large. The intention is to split the specification of the related interfaces in several IRPs - as described in the Introduction clause above. An important aspect of such a split is that the Network Resource Models (NRMs) defined in different IRPs containing NRMs are consistent, and that NRMs supported by an IRPAgent implementation can be accessed as one coherent model through one IRP Information Service.

To summarize, the present document has the following main purpose:

1. to define the applied Transport specific Network Resource Model, based on the generic NRM in TS 32.622 [16].

In order to access the information defined by this NRM, an IRP Information Service (IS) is needed, such as the Basic CM IRP: IS (TS 32.602 [17]) or the Bulk CM IRP: IS (TS 32.612 [18]). However, which Information Service that is applicable is outside the scope of this document.

Finally, regarding the support of the State Management IRP: IS (TS 32.672 [8]), all NRM's of one release shall support the same State Management IRP version. This NRM specification is related to 3GPP TS 32.672 V5.0.X.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1]   3GPP TS 32.101: "Telecommunication Management, Principles and high level requirements".

[2]   3GPP TS 32.102: "Telecommunication management; Architecture".

[3]   3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".

[4]   3GPP TS 25.401: "UTRAN Overall Description"

[5]   3GPP TS 25.433: "UTRAN Iub Interface NBAP Signalling"

[6]   3GPP TS 25.423: "UTRAN Iur Interface RNSAP Signalling"

[7]   ITU-T Recommendation X.710 (1991): "Common Management Information Service Definition for CCITT Applications". (superceeded on website by: "Managed objects for diagnostic information of public switched telephone network connected V-series modem DCE's")

[8]   3GPP TS 32.672: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); State Management Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".

[9]   Void.

[10]   Void.

[11]   3GPP TS 32.111-2: "Telecommunication management; Fault Management; Part 2: Alarm Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".

[12]   Void.

[13]   3GPP TS 32.300: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Name convention for Managed Objects".

[14]   3GPP TS 32.600: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Concept and high-level requirements".

[15]   3GPP TS 23.002: "Network Architecture".

[16]   3GPP TS 32.622: " Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Generic network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)".

[17]   3GPP TS 32.602: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Basic CM Integration Reference Point (IRP) Information Service (IS)".

[18]   3GPP TS 32.612: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Bulk CM Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".

[xx]   3GPP TS 25.430

[xx]   3GPP TS 25.431

[xx]   3GPP TS 25.411

[xx]   ITU-T Recommendation I.361

3   Definitions and abbreviations

3.1   Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions in 3GPP TS 32.101 [1], 3GPP TS 32.102 [2] and 3GPP TS 32.600 [14] and the following apply:

Association: in general it is used to model relationships between Managed Objects. Associations can be implemented in several ways, such as:

1. name bindings;

2. reference attributes; and

3. association objects.

This IRP stipulates that containment associations shall be expressed through name bindings, but it does not stipulate the implementation for other types of associations as a general rule. These are specified as separate entities in the object models (UML diagrams)

Managed Element (ME): an instance of the Managed Object Class ManagedElement defined in 3GPP TS 32.622 [16].

Managed Object (MO): in the context of the present document, a Managed Object (MO) is a software object that encapsulates the manageable characteristics and behaviour of a particular Network Resource. The MO is instance of a MO class defined in a MIM/NRM. This class, called **Information Object Class (IOC)** has **attributes** that provide information used to characterize the objects that belong to the class (the term "attribute" is taken from TMN and

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corresponds to a "property" according to CIM). Furthermore, the IOC can have **operations** that represent the behaviour relevant for that class (the term "operation" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "method" according to CIM). The IOC may support the emission of **notifications** that provide information about an event occurrence within a network resource

Management Information Model (MIM): also referred to as NRM - see the definition below

Network Resource Model (NRM): A model representing the actual managed telecommunications network resources that a System is providing through the subject IRP. An NRM identifies and describes the IOCs, their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as "MIM" (see above), which originates from the ITU-T TMN

Node B: A logical node responsible for radio transmission/reception in one or more cells to/from the User Equipment. It terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CIM	Common Information Model
DN	Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13])
EM	Element Manager
FM	Fault Management
IOC	Information Object Class
IRP	Integration Reference Point
ITU-T	International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication Sector
Iub	Interface between RNC and Node B
ME	Managed Element
MIM	Management Information Model
MO	Managed Object
MOC	Managed Object Class
NE	Network Element
NM	Network Manager
NR	Network Resource
NRM	Network Resource Model
PM	Performance Management
RDN	Relative Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13])
RNC	Radio Network Controller
TMN	Telecommunications Management Network
UML	Unified Modelling Language
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

4 System overview

4.1 Void.

4.2 Compliance rules

For general definitions of compliance rules related to qualifiers (Mandatory/Optional/Conditional) for *operations*, *notifications and parameters* (of operations and notifications) please refer to 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

The following defines the meaning of Mandatory and Optional IOC attributes and associations between IOCs, in Solution Sets to the IRP defined by the present document:

- the IRPManager shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. The IRPManager shall be prepared to receive information related to mandatory as well as optional attributes/associations without failure; however the IRPManager does not have to support handling of the optional attributes/associations.

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- the IRPAgent shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. It may support optional attributes/associations.

An IRPAgent that incorporates vendor-specific extensions shall support normal communication with a 3GPP SA5-compliant IRPManager with respect to all Mandatory and Optional managed object classes, attributes, associations, operations, parameters and notifications without requiring the IRPManager to have any knowledge of the extensions.

Given that:

- rules for vendor-specific extensions remain to be fully specified; and

- many scenarios under which IRPManager and IRPAgent inter-work may exist.

It is recognised that in Release 4/5 the IRPManager, even though it is not required to have knowledge of vendor-specific extensions, may be required to be implemented with an awareness that extensions can exist and behave accordingly.

5 Modelling approach

The modelling approach adopted and used in this IRP is described in 3GPP TS 32.622 [16].

6 IRP Information Model

## 6.1 Information entities imported and local labels

None.

6.2 Class diagram

6.2.1 Attributes and relationships

This subclause depicts the set of IOCs that encapsulate information relevant for this service. This subclause provides the overview of all information object classes in UML. Subsequent subclauses provide more detailed specification of various aspects of these information object classes.

Figure 6.2.1.1 shows the name-containment relation and other types of relations of the Transport Network NRM.

NOTE: The name-containment relations between IOCs are indicated by UML "unidirectional aggregation by reference" ("hollow diamonds").
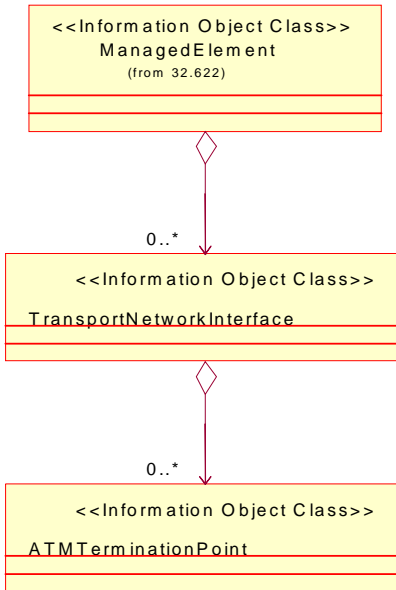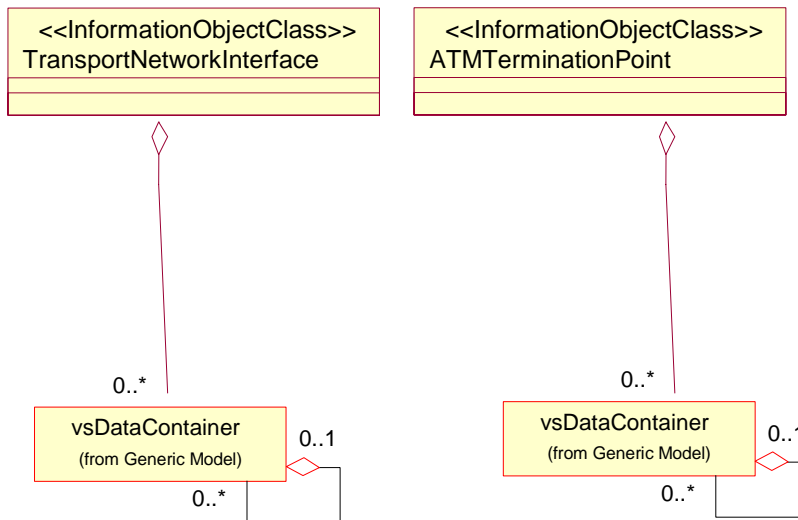
NOTE: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.

Figure 6.2.1.1: Transport Network NRM Containment/Naming and Association diagram

Each IOC is identified with a Distinguished Name (DN) according to 3GPP TS 32.300 [13] that expresses its containment hierarchy. As an example, the DN of a IOC representing a ATMTerminationPoint could have a format like:

SubNetwork=Sweden,meContext=MEC-Gbg-1,ManagedElement=RNC-Gbg-1, TransportNetworkInterface=ATM-1, ATMTerminationPoint=Gbg-1.

NOTE 1:   The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.
NOTE 2:   Each instance of the vsDataContainer shall only be contained under one MOC. The vsDataContainer can be contained under MOCs defined in other NRMs.
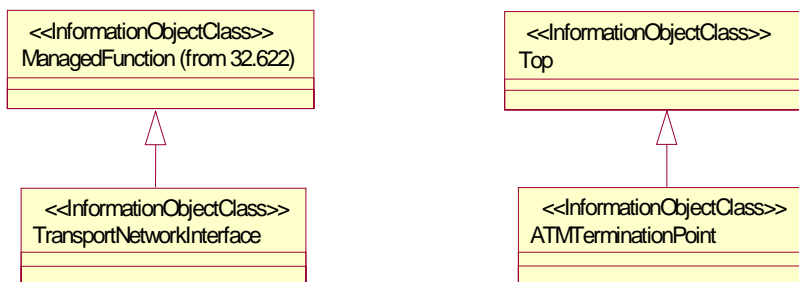
Figure 6.2.1.2: vsDataContainer in Transport Network Containment/Naming and Association diagram

The vsDataContainer is only used for the Bulk CM IRP.

6.2.2   Inheritance

This sub-clause depicts the inheritance relationships that exist between IOCs.

Figure 6.2.2.1 shows the inheritance hierarchy for the Transport Network NRM.

Figure 6.2.2.1: Transport Network NRM Inheritance Hierarchy

6.3   Information object classes definition

6.3.1   TransportNetworkInterface

6.3.1.1   Definition

This IOC represents the Transport Network Interface technology (e.g. ATM, IP).

6.3.1.2   Attributes

Table 6.3.1: Attributes of TransportNetworkInterface

Attribute name	Visibility	Support Qualifier	Read Qualifier	Write Qualifier
transportNetworkInterfaceId	+	M	M	-
userLabel	+	M	M	M
transportNetworkType	+	M	M	-

6.3.2   ATMTerminationPoint

6.3.2.1   Definition

This IOC represents an ATM Termination Point.

6.3.2.2 Attributes

Table 6.3.2: Attributes of ATMTerminationPoint

Attribute name	Visibility	Support Qualifier	Read Qualifier	Write Qualifier
aTMTerminationPointid	+	M	M	-
usageChannel	+	M	M	M
virtualPathId	+	M	M	O
virtualChannelId	+	M	M	O
trafficDirection	+	M	M	O
physicalPortId	+	M	M	O
physicalLinkType	+	M	M	O
serviceCategory	+	M	M	O
usedAAL	+	M	M	O
peakCellRate	+	M	M	O
sustainableCellRate	+	M	M	O
maximumBurstSize	+	M	M	O

6.3.2.3 Attribute constraints

The Write Qualifier for attributes virtualPathId, virtualChannelId, trafficDirection, physicalPortId, physicalLinkType, serviceCategory, usedAAL, peakCellRate, sustainableCellRate, and maximumBurstSize shall be Mandatory if these attributes can be set over Itf-N.

6.4 Information relationships definition

Not applicable.

6.5 Information attributes definition

6.5.1 Definition and legal values

Table 6.5.1 defines the attributes that are present in several Information Object Classes (IOCs) of the present document.

Table 6.5.1: Attributes

Attribute Name	Definition	Legal Values
transportNetwork InterfaceId	An attribute whose "name+value" can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance	
transportNetwork Type	The type of underlying transport network, i.e. ATM, IP	Type: Enumerated Range: ATM, IP
aTMTermination PointId	An attribute whose "name+value" can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance	
usageChannel	The logical channel using the transport network connection. Ref. 3GPP TS 25.430	Type: String e.g. Iub-NBAP, Iub-ALCAP
virtualPathId	The ATM Virtual Path Identifier. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361	Type: Integral numeric value
virtualChannelId	The ATM Virtual Channel Identifier. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361	Type: Integral numeric value
trafficDirection	The direction of the ATM path, i.e. incoming, outgoing	Type: Enumerated Range: incoming, outgoing
physicalPortid	The identifier of the ATM physical port containing link(s)	Type: String
physicalLinkType	The ATM physical link type. Ref. 3GPP TS 25.431, 3GPP TS 25.411	Type: String e.g. E1, STM1
serviceCategory	The ATM Service Category used for the virtual connection. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361	Type: Enumerated Range: CBR, RT-VBR, NRT-VBR, ABR, UBR
usedAAL	The ATM Adaptation Layer used for the virtual connection. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361	Type: Enumerated Range: AAL1,..... AAL5
peakCellRate	Peak Cell Rate (kbits/sec). Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361	Type: Integral numeric value
sustainableCellRate	Sustainable Cell Rate (kbits/sec). Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361	Type: Integral numeric value
maximumBurstSize	Maximum Burst Size for VBR Service Categories. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361	Type: Integral numeric value
userLabel	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object	

6.5.2 Constraints

None.

6.6 Particular information configurations

Not applicable.

Annex A (informative):
Change history

Change history							
Date	**TSG #**	**TSG Doc.**	**CR**	**Rev**	**Subject/Comment**	**Old**	**New**
Sep 2003	S_21	SP-030429	--	--	Submitted to TSG SA#21 for Information	1.0.0	