3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #117 Electronic R2-220xxxx

Online, Feb 21st– Mar 3rd, 2022

**Agenda item: 5.4.1**

**Source: Apple**

**Title: [Draft]Summary of [AT117-e][026][NR15] NAS procedure not subject to UAC (Apple)**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# 1 Introduction

This document is a report on the following email discussion:

* [AT117-e][026][NR15] NAS procedure not subject to UAC (Apple)

Scope: Treat R2-2202104, R2-2202535, R2-2202536, R2-2202537, R2-2202538, R2-2203487. Ph1 Determine agreeable parts, Ph2 For agreeable parts, progress CRs, and reply LS out

Intended outcome: Report, Agreed CRs, Approved LS out.

Deadline: Schedule 1

The deadline Schedule 1 for this email discussion is copied from Chair notes:

* A **first round** with **Deadline for comments W1 Thur Feb 24th 1200 UTC** to settle scope what is agreeable etc
* A **Final round** with **Final deadline W2 Wed March 2nd 1200 UTC** to settle details / agree CRs etc.
* Additional deadlines check points etc if needed are defined by the Rapporteur of each discussion respectively. In case some parts of an email discussion need more time, doesn’t converge, need not yet planned on-line treatment, then Rapporteur please contact chair.

The documents under the scope of this discussion are summarized as below:

[1] R2-2202104 LS on NAS procedure not subject to UAC (C1-217227; contact: Apple) CT1 LS in Rel-15 To:RAN2

Moved from 5.1

[2] R2-2202535 Discussion on RRC handling of NAS triggers not subject to UAC Apple discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core

[3] R2-2202536 Correction on RRC resume of NAS triggers without access category Apple CR Rel-15 38.331 15.16.0 2895 - F NR\_newRAT-Core

[4] R2-2202537 Correction on RRC resume of NAS triggers without access category Apple CR Rel-16 38.331 16.7.0 2896 - A NR\_newRAT-Core

[5] R2-2202538 [Draft] Reply LS on NAS procedure not subject to UAC Apple LS out NR\_newRAT-Core To:CT1

[6] R2-2203487 Discussion on NAS-triggered resume procedure without UAC Huawei, HiSilicon discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core

# 2 Contact Points

Respondents to the email discussion are kindly asked to fill in the following table.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Name | Email Address |
| Apple(rapporteur) | Zhibin Wu | zhibin\_wu@apple.com |
| Ericsson | Antonino Orsino | antonino.orsino@ericsson.com |
| vivo | Qian ZHENG | zhengqian@vivo.com |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Tong Sha | shatong3@hisilicon.com |
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# 3 Discussion (1st round)

RAN2 has received reply LS from CT1 (R2-2202104 [1]) about the NAS procedures which are not subject to UAC. Here is the CT1 response:

*CT1 would like to give the following answer to RAN2's question:*

***Question:*** *RAN2 want to ask CT1 whether there is any NAS procedure may trigger RRC resume without providing Access Category/Access Identity (i.e., not requesting access barring check).*

***Answer:*** *Regarding UAC, the requirements for a UE in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode with RRC inactive indication are similar to those for a UE in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode. This means that:*

*- generally, NAS procedures are subject to access barring checks and NAS provides Access Category/ Access Identity to AS,*

*- but there are 3 NAS procedures, specifically: mobility registration update, deregistration and PDU session release, for which the NAS may trigger RRC resume without requesting access barring checks and for which there is no requirement in TS 24.501 to provide the Access Category/Access Identity to AS.*

According to CT1, there are three NAS procedures (i.e., mobility registration update, deregistration and PDU session release) for which the NAS may trigger RRC resume without requesting access barring checks and for which there is no requirement in TS 24.501 to provide the Access Category/Access Identity to AS.

Based on the analysis provided in R2-2102535 [2] and R2-2203487[6], the current Rel-15 UE behaviour is to initiate the AS layer access attempt in RRC\_INACTIVE state when the condition of “providing access category and access identity” is not satisfied. This will happen even when T302 timer is running because this back-off timer is only checked along with T390 timer within UAC procedure. As a result, UE will request for resume directly without UAC check.

First, let us confirm whether this is the common understanding of the Rel-15 RRC spec for all companies.

**Question 1: Do companies agree “according to Rel-15 RRC specification, when T302 timer is running, UE will not block the RRC resume request triggered by NAS procedure(s) without AC/AI”.**

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| Company | Yes or No | Comments |
| Ericsson | Yes |  |
| vivo | Yes |  |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Yes |  |
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It has been observed in R2-2202535 [2] and R2-2203487 [6] that such access attempt from RRC\_INACTIVE UE will probably make things worse by wasting more radio resources and aggravating the congestion in gNB, when T302 timer is running. Hence, it is reasonable to block/bar those access attempts. In other words, UE shall not trigger RRC resume by those NAS procedures when T302 timer is running.

**Question 2: Do companies agree “when T302 timer is running, RRC resume procedure shall not be triggered by the three NAS procedures which do not require access barring checks” ?**

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| Company | Yes or No | Comments |
| Ericsson | See comment | In principle, we agree that the correct behaviour should be for the UE to not trigger the three NAS procedures. However, from a procedural point of view, we think that nothing is broken, and the system can work normally, even if not in an efficient way.  Given that this poses a new behaviour for the UE, we are a bit reluctant to optimize this case for Rel-15 and Rel-16, but we are open to have the necessary changes from Rel-17. |
| vivo | No | Based on the below highlighted part from CT1’s LS response, we understand that the 3 NAS procedures do not require access barring check once triggered. And the requirement is independent from T302 timer running or not.    ***Answer:*** *Regarding UAC, the requirements for a UE in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode with RRC inactive indication are similar to those for a UE in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode. This means that:*  *- generally, NAS procedures are subject to access barring checks and NAS provides Access Category/ Access Identity to AS,*  *- but there are 3 NAS procedures, specifically: mobility registration update, deregistration and PDU session release, for which the NAS may trigger RRC resume without requesting access barring checks and for which there is no requirement in TS 24.501 to provide the Access Category/Access Identity to AS.* |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | No | We understand the issue in Q1 exists but this issue may not be fully considered by CT1 when they did a correction on skipping UAC for some NAS-triggered resume procedures.  From AS perspective, we think it is weird to ask AS to do the access control check when UAC is required to skip from NAS. Any new behaviour could have been avoided if there is a right decision in NAS.  Therefore we suggest to correct NAS spec since Rel-15 and not change the AS spec. If companies think that this can be left to UE implementation, this should also be informed to CT1 and let them capture somewhere that in such cases Resume is not triggered and details are left by UE implementation. |
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Then, regarding how to block the access attempts under such circumstances, there are two different views.

1. Given that UE has mixed the handling of *RRCReject* with back-off with UAC into a single procedure in Rel-15 RRC specification, it has been proposed to amend RRC procedure to bar those access attempts in AS layer [2], e.g., adding additional check in UE procedure to identify this case and bar the access attempts specifically.
2. Alternatively, it has been proposed to let upper layers to provide AC/AI for those three NAS procedures [6] so that lower layers can always trigger UAC.

In rapporteur’s view, the second approach is in contradictory to the information given in reply LS [1]. To support the 2nd approach, it will require the SA2 or CT1 to reverse the earlier Rel-15 agreements and update NAS spec. It is also worth noting that in the earlier discussion for Rel-15 NR work for 5GS\_Ph1-CT, SA1 (as text shown below in LS form SA1 to CT1 in S1-183623) concluded that NAS does not perform UAC for mobility registration update, deregistration and PDU session release if RRC is in state RRC\_INACTIVE.

*CT1 asked the following question to SA1 in the context of the application of UAC in RRC\_Inactive state:*

*CT1 would like to ask SA1 whether the UE is expected to perform unified access control for such access attempts [mobility registration update procedure, deregistration procedure, PDU session release] when the UE attempts to perform the access attempt in RRC\_Inactive.*

*SA1 would like to reply that there are no service requirements for these procedures to be subject to UAC in RRC\_Inactive state.*

Therefore, it might be challenging for CT1 to add AC/AI for those NAS procedures, as that would result in direct violation of the SA1 conclusion.

Given all things considered, we solicit company views of what is the right way forward to address this issue:

**Question 3: If Answer to Q2 is yes, which approach do you prefer to prevent access attempts triggered by the three NAS procedures, when T302 timer is running?**

***Option 1: Fixed in AS layer: block the access attempt(s) when T302 is running.***

***Option 2: Fixed in NAS layer: AC/AI are always provided by NAS so that UAC cannot be skipped***

***Option 3: Leave this to UE implementation in Rel-15 and Rel-16***

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| Company | Choice | Comments |
| Ericsson | Option 3 | Given that what we are trying to fix is not a critical problem that compromise the normal functioning of the system, we would like to leave this to UE implementation at least for Rel-15 and Rel-16.  We are open to have the necessary changes for Rel-17. |
| vivo | Option 3 with comments | According to current TS 38.331, both the RRC layer and the NAS layer within the UE are aware of whether the T302 timer is running or not. Therefore, we don’t see big issue to leave it to UE implementation.  For example, if the UE want to avoid access attempt when T302 timer is running, the NAS layer can postpone to trigger the above 3 NAS procedures. This would result in the same effect as access barring in RRC layer. On the other hand, if the UE want to trigger access attempt when T302 timer is running, the NAS layer can trigger the above 3 NAS procedures immediately, further access barring check is also skipped in the RRC layer for the NO AC/AIcase. |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Option2 | We understand in the last LS sent to CT1/SA2, the problem we found in AS when UAC was not invoked in resume procedure was not mentioned in the LS. This information is much important if we do see the problem in AS layer, which may help CT1 have an overall understanding on this issue.  In our view, whether a NAS-initiated access attempt should be triggered or not is within UAC scope, and the service type is only visible to NAS. If to change the spec, we think option 2 is the right way forward.  Besides, according to the email discussion at 3GPP CT1 reflector, we think companies understand that technically SA1 has no idea on the issue in RAN, and even option 2 is adopted there is no conflicting withSA1’s understanding. |
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If Option 1 is supported by majority view, CRs [3][4] could be used as a baseline for further discussion of agreeable changed in RRC specification. Thus, it is also beneficial to solicit preliminary company views on those CRs.

In TS 38.331, subclause 5.3.13.2, UE neither invokes UAC nor checks the T302 timer “if the upper layers DO NOT provide an Access Category and one or more Access Identities”. Hence, this is to be fixed so that the access will not be triggered directly. Also, in 5.3.8.3, 5.3.15,2 and 5.3.14.4, when T302 timer is started/stopped or expires, the current procedure only let UE “inform upper layers that access barring is applicable for all access categories except categories '0' and '2'”. A NOTE is better to be added to explain that “access attempts for which the access catgory is not provided are also to be included (for barring)” so that UE implementation could take this into account for implementing cross-layer interactions.

Hence, the CR [3][4] has covered the following two aspects of change:

1. In subclause 5.3.13.2, if AC/AI is not provided and T302 timer is running, UE bar access attempts except emergency case and notify the upper layers about the barring
2. In subclause 5.3.8.3, 5.3.15,2 and 5.3.14.4, adding notes to inform upper layer the barring and barring alleviation for the case which AC not provided when T302 starts/stops/expires.

**Question 4-1: If Answer to Q3 is Option 1, do you agree the change in RRC to “if AC/AI is not provided and T302 timer is running, bar the access attempts except emergency case and notify the upper layers about barring”?**

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| Company | Yes or No | Comments |
| Ericsson |  | See Reply in Q3 |
| vivo | See comments | As replied in Q3, a note to clarify this by UE implementation is enough, e.g., leave it to UE implementation for the NO AC/AIcase by upper layers on how to prevent access attempts, when T302 timer is running. |
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**Question 4-2: If Answer to Q3 is Option 1, do you agree the change in RRC to “adding NOTEs to inform upper layer the barring and barring alleviation for the case which AC not provided when T302 starts/stops/expires”?**

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| Company | Yes or No | Comments |
| Ericsson |  | See Reply in Q3 |
| vivo | See comments | As replied in Q3, a note to clarify this by UE implementation is enough, e.g., leave it to UE implementation for the NO AC/AIcase by upper layers on how to prevent access attempts, when T302 timer is running. |
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# 4 Summary of 1st Round Discussion

TBD.

# 5 Discussion (2nd round)

After collecting the views of above questions in the 1st round, we can further progress the details of the CRs and contents of reply LS to CT1 in 2nd round discussion and the draft LS provided in [5] and [6].

TBD.

# 6 Conclusion

TBD.

# 7 References

[1] R2-2202104 LS on NAS procedure not subject to UAC (C1-217227; contact: Apple) CT1 LS in Rel-15 To:RAN2

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[2] R2-2202535 Discussion on RRC handling of NAS triggers not subject to UAC Apple discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core

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[5] R2-2202538 [Draft] Reply LS on NAS procedure not subject to UAC Apple LS out NR\_newRAT-Core To:CT1

[6] R2-2203487 Discussion on NAS-triggered resume procedure without UAC Huawei, HiSilicon discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core