3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #131 R2-25xxxxx

Bangalore, India Aug 25th – 29th , 2025

Agenda Item: 8.3.1

Source: OPPO

Title: Draft summary of [AT131][033][AI Mob] Conclusions for TR (OPPO)

Document for: Discussion, Decision

# Annex: Proposed text proposal

*START OF CHANGES*

# 7 Conclusion

The study focuses on evaluation of benefit of AI mobility use cases, namely RRM measurement prediction and measurement event prediction. Another use case i.e. RLF prediction is studied without evaluation. The potential spec impact is also studied to enable intelligent measurement and relevant mobility procedure in RRC\_CONNECTED state within NR system.

During the study, FR1 intra-frequency temporal domain case B is chosen as representative scenario to verify study goal 1 i.e. measurement reduction. The simulation results captured in section 5.5.2.2 shows that handover performance slightly or even doesn’t degrade compared to existing L3 handover procedure when measurement is reduced e.g. around 50% in temporal domain. FR2 intra-frequency temporal domain case A is another typical scenario to reach study goal 2 i.e. to improve handover performance e.g. HOF rate etc. The simulation results captured in section 5.5.2.1 indicate HOF rate in most cases drops when handover is executed based on predicted measurement event in advance. The simulation results for RRM measurement prediction captured in section 5.2.2.1 shows that the prediction accuracy i.e. average L3 cell level RSRP difference of AI algorithm for these two scenarios together with inter-frequency prediction is better compared to non-AI algorithm. Furthermore, simulation results for generalization captured in 5.2.2.2 prove that generalization issue is either minor across UE speeds or cell configurations or can be resolved by training model across data sets across two directions of inter-frequency prediction.

Limited simulation results are submitted for intra-cell spatial domain prediction and L3 beam level prediction without any conclusion.

Spec impact for both UE sided model and network sided model are studied. The study focuses on potential enhancements of LCM procedures including data collection for training. The outcome of the study is captured in section 6.1 and 6.2. For UE sided model the spec impact is mainly due to introduction of RRM measurement prediction. While additional spec impact for measurement event prediction is limited on top of RRM measurement prediction. The main spec impact on network sided model is for data collection.

RP: More text about scope will be added after Wednesday session…

*END OF CHANGE*